

Maharashtra Board Solutions for Class 7- History: Chapter 6- Conflict with the Mughals



For any clarifications or questions you can write to info@indcareer.com

Postal Address

IndCareer.com, 52, Shilpa Nagar, Somalwada Nagpur - 440015
Maharashtra, India

WhatsApp: +91 9561 204 888, **Website:** <https://www.indcareer.com>

<https://www.indcareer.com/schools/maharashtra-board-solutions-for-class-7-history-chapter-6-conflict-with-the-mughals/>



Maharashtra Board Solutions for Class 7- History: Chapter 6- Conflict with the Mughals

Class 7: History Chapter 6 solutions. Complete Class 7 History Chapter 6 Notes.

Maharashtra Board Solutions for Class 7- History: Chapter 6- Conflict with the Mughals

Maharashtra Board 7th History Chapter 6, Class 7 History Chapter 6 solutions

Questions and Answers

1. Arrange in chronological order:

Question 1.

- (i) Southern campaign of Shivaji Maharaj
- (ii) Raid on Lai Mahal
- (iii) Escape from Agra
- (iv) Coronation
- (v) Treaty of Purandar
- (vi) Shaistakhan's invasion

Answer:

- (i) Shaistakhan's invasion
- (ii) Raid on Lai Mahal
- (iii) Treaty of Purandar
- (iv) Escape from Agra

<https://www.indcareer.com/schools/maharashtra-board-solutions-for-class-7-history-chapter-6-conflict-with-the-mughals/>

(v) Coronation

(vi) Southern campaign of Shivaji Maharaj

2. Find the names from the chapter:

Question 1.

A dictionary containing Sanskrit alternatives.

Answer:

Rajya – vyavahara – kosha

Question 2.

He won Trimbakgad.

Answer:

Moropant Pingale

Question 3.

This Sardar was defeated at Vani-Dindori.

Answer:

Sardar Daudkhan

Question 4.

A place where the British, Dutch and French had their factories.

Answer:

Surat

3. Write about these in your own words:

Question 1.

Shivaji Maharaj's preparation for the > coronation.

<https://www.indcareer.com/schools/maharashtra-board-solutions-for-class-7-history-chapter-6-conflict-with-the-mughals/>

Answer:

- (i) The famous learned Pandit Gagabhatt was invited to conduct the coronation of Shivaji Maharaj.
- (ii) Invitations were sent to learned Brahmins of all parts of India.
- (iii) Shivaji visited the famous temples in Maharashtra and distributed clothes and other things among the Brahmins.
- (iv) A gold plated steel/stool was prepared with precious ornaments was brought for Shivaji Maharaj.
- (v) Holy water from seven sacred rivers Yamuna, Indus, Ganga, Godavari, Kaveri and Krishna was brought and kept in a gold vessel.
- (vi) A special royal umbrella of cloth with gold fringes and pearls was prepared.
- (vii) Special scarlet robes for Shivaji Maharaj was prepared.

Question 2.**The Coronation of Shivaji Maharaj.****Answer:**

- (i) Shivaji Maharaj felt that it was necessary to entitle himself as a king.
- (ii) A formal coronation ceremony was organized.
- (iii) Many learned Brahmins from all parts of India came. Even Ambassadors from all over India came to witness the ceremony.
- (iv) On 6th June, 1674, Shivaji got up early in the morning, worshipped the gods and took blessing from the priests.
- (v) He was dressed up in a special scarlet robe and precious ornaments
- (vi) The Brahmins chanted Mantras and blessed Shivaji.
- (vii) Gagabhatt held the royal umbrella over the Maharaj's head, and poured the holy water from seven rivers.
- (viii) Special coins were minted-a gold coin called Hon and a copper coin called Shivrui.

<https://www.indcareer.com/schools/maharashtra-board-solutions-for-class-7-history-chapter-6-conflict-with-the-mughals/>

(ix) A dictionary showing Sanskrit meaning for Persian words was prepared. It is called Rajya-vyavahara-kosha.

Question 3.

Escape from Agra.

Answer:

- (i) Shivaji Maharaj pretended to be ill.
- (ii) He complained of severe pain in the stomach. Doctors were called. They started treating the patient, Shivaji.
- (iii) He started sending out huge baskets of sweets to Sadhus and Maulavis for his quick recovery. In the beginning, the guard outside would examine the baskets.
- (iv) In the course of time, they got tired of this daily routine and stopped it.
- (v) One evening, Shivaji made Hiroji sleep in his bed and asked Madari to manage his feat.
- (vi) Then Shivaji Maharaj and Sambhaji Raje hid themselves in two of the many baskets that were going out.
- (vii) The baskets were supposed to contain sweets and allowed to pass unchecked.
- (viii) At a place previously fixed, Shivaji Maharaj and Sambhaji Raje got out of the baskets and adroitly escaped from Agra and reached Maharashtra safely after a few days.

Question 4.

Shivaji Maharaj's Campaign of the South.

Answer:

- (i) After the coronation ceremony, Shivaji went to the South at Golconda.
- (ii) He made friendship with Qutubshah.
- (iii) He captured the forts like Bangalore, Hoskote, Jinji, Vellore, etc. and some territories of Adilshah.
- (iv) He appointed Raghunath Narayan Hanamante the chief officer to look after these territories.

<https://www.indcareer.com/schools/maharashtra-board-solutions-for-class-7-history-chapter-6-conflict-with-the-mughals/>

4. Give reasons:

Question 1.

Shivaji Maharaj entered into the 'Treaty of Purandar'.

Answer:

- (i) Aurangzeb sent a powerful Sardar, Jaisingh to defeat Shivaji Maharaj.
- (ii) He started a naval campaign against Maharaj.
- (iii) Jaisingh and Dilerkhan siege the fort of Purandar.
- (iv) The Mughals siege the Fort of Purandar.
- (v) Murarbaji Deshpande fought with courage but died a hero's death.

Question 2.

Shivaji Maharaj took an aggressive stand against the Mughals.

Answer:

- (i) The Treaty of Purandar meant a great loss of wealth and humiliation for the Marathas.
- (ii) Shivaji Maharaj wanted to recapture the forts and territories given to the Mughals as per the Purandar treaty.
- (iii) In order to earn the reputation, Shivaji Maharaj took an aggressive stand against the Mughals.

Activities:

How do you prepare for the special programmes on Independence Day/ Republic Day ? Make a list with help of your teacher.

Visit a historical place in your neighbourhood and write a report on your visit.

Questions and Answers

Do you remember?

Question 1.

<https://www.indcareer.com/schools/maharashtra-board-solutions-for-class-7-history-chapter-6-conflict-with-the-mughals/>

Which Indian king started a new calendar?

Answer:

King Vikramaditya started the Vikrama Samvat Era after defeating the Shakas in 57-58 BC and Shivaji Maharaj also started Rajyabhisheka Shaka (the coronation era in 1674).

Gather information:

Question 1.

Find out how Shivaji Maharaj escaped from his house arrest at Agra.

Answer:

- (i) In 1666, Aurangzeb invited Shivaji to Agra, along with his nine-year-old son Sambhaji and a few of his trusted people.
- (ii) Aurangzeb's plan was to send Shivaji to Kandahar, now in Afghanistan, to consolidate the Mughal empire's north-western frontier.
- (iii) However, in the court, on 12th May 1666, Aurangzeb made Shivaji stand behind military commanders of his court.
- (iv) Shivaji took offence and stormed out of court, and was promptly placed under house arrest under the watch of Faulad Khan, Kotwal of Agra.
- (v) Shivaji pretended severe illness and requested to send most of his group back to the Deccan and conveyed his wish to distribute some sweets to the poor as offerings for getting well.
- (vi) Thereafter, on his request, he was allowed to send daily shipments of sweets and gifts to saints, fakirs, and temples in Agra as offerings for his health.
- (vii) The Kotwal was requested that the boxes of sweets should be touched by Maharaj himself as a custom and hence all the boxes were strictly checked.
- (viii) According to the Mughal documents, after several days and weeks of sending out boxes containing sweets, Shivaji, disguised as labourer carrying sweet basket escaped on 17 August 1666.
- (ix) Sambhaji, being a child had no restrictions and was sent out of the prison camp before Shivaji escaped.

<https://www.indcareer.com/schools/maharashtra-board-solutions-for-class-7-history-chapter-6-conflict-with-the-mughals/>

(x) After escaping Shivaji and his son fled to the Deccan disguised as sadhus.

Additional Important Questions and Answers

Complete the sentence by choosing the appropriate words from the options given below:

Question 1.

The Killedar of the fort of Chakan was ____ (Vyankoji, Firangoji Narsala, Murarbaji Deshpande)

Answer:

Firangoji Narsala

Question 2.

Shaistakhan set up his camp at Lalmahal in _____ (Pune, Satara, Agra)

Answer:

Pune

Question 3.

The treaty of _____ was signed between Jaisingh and Shivaji. (Pune, Bengal, Purandar)

Answer:

Purandar

Question 4.

Shivaji helped Jaisingh against _____ (Adilshah, Aurangzeb, Qutubshah)

Answer:

Adilshah

Question 5.

The Mughals captured the fort of _____ (Jinji, Chakan, Raigad)

Answer:

<https://www.indcareer.com/schools/maharashtra-board-solutions-for-class-7-history-chapter-6-conflict-with-the-mughals/>

Chakan

Question 6.

In the raid, _____ lost his fingers (Shaistakhan, Jaisingh, Afzalkhan)

Answer:

Shaistakhan

Question 7.

_____ was the Subhedar of Surat. (Dilerkhan, Inayat Khan, Shaistakhan)

Answer:

Inayat Khan

Question 8.

_____ died a heroic death, while defending the Purandar fort. (Firangoji Narsala, Raghunath Narayan, Murarbaji Deshpande)

Answer:

Murarbaji

Question 9.

Shivaji Maharaj passed away at Fort _____ on 3rd April, 1680. (Purandar, Chakan, Raigad)

Answer:

Raigad

Question 10.

_____, a learned Pandit crowned Shivaji Maharaj on his first coronation. (Pandit Gagabhatt, Nischalpuri Gosavi, Firangoji Narsala)

Answer:

Gagabhatt

<https://www.indcareer.com/schools/maharashtra-board-solutions-for-class-7-history-chapter-6-conflict-with-the-mughals/>

Question 11.

Shivaji Maharaj had his second coronation performed under the guidance of _____.
(Krishnaji Anant Sabhasad, Nischalपुरी Gosavi, Pandit Gagabhatt)

Answer:

Nischalपुरी Gosavi

Match the columns:

Question 1.

Column 'A'	Column 'B'
(1) Treaty of Purandar (2) Shivaji's coronation (3) Karnataka campaign (4) Shivaji raided Lai Mahal	(a) April 1663 (b) October 1677 (c) June, 1674 (d) June 1651

Answer:

1 – d

2 – c

3 – b

4 – a

Question 2.

Column 'A'	Column 'B'
(1) Mann (2) Hon (3) Shivrai	(a) A monument (b) Unit of measurement (c) a gold coin

<https://www.indcareer.com/schools/maharashtra-board-solutions-for-class-7-history-chapter-6-conflict-with-the-mughals/>

(4) Samadhi (d) a copper coin

Answer:

1 – b

2 – c

3 – d

4 – a

Arrange in chronological order:

Question 1.

(i) Shivaji Maharaj's campaign to the South

(ii) The treaty of Purandar

(iii) Shivaji Maharaj's death in Raigad

(iv) Shivaji Maharaj's coronation

Answer:

(i) The treaty of Purandar

(ii) Shivaji Maharaj's coronation

(iii) Shivaji Maharaj's campaign to the South

(iv) Shivaji Maharaj's death in Raigad

Find the names from the chapter:

Question 1.

A learned Pandit who crowned Shivaji Maharaj at Raigad.

Answer:

Gagabhatt

<https://www.indcareer.com/schools/maharashtra-board-solutions-for-class-7-history-chapter-6-conflict-with-the-mughals/>

Question 2.

This treaty was signed between Jaisingh and Shivaji Maharaj.

Answer:

The Treaty of Purandar

Question 3.

It was a rich city. Shivaji Maharaj raided it and obtained plenty of wealth.

Answer:

Surat

Question 4.

He took shelter in the southern part of Jinji.

Answer:

Chhatrapati Rajaram Maharaj.

Question 5.

It is a world famous library.

Answer:

The Saraswati Mahal

Answer in one or two sentences:

Question 1.

Whom did Aurangzeb send to curb Shivaji Maharaj?

Answer:

Aurangzeb sent Jaisingh, an experienced and powerful Rajput Sardar against Shivaji Maharaj.

Question 2.

<https://www.indcareer.com/schools/maharashtra-board-solutions-for-class-7-history-chapter-6-conflict-with-the-mughals/>

What were the terms of the 'Treaty of Purandar'?

Answer:

According to the terms of the treaty, Shivaji Maharaj gave twenty-three of his forts along with adjoining territories yielding an annual revenue of four lakh hons. He also assured the Mughals, of help against Adilshah.

Question 3.

How did Aurangzeb treat Shivaji Maharaj at his Darbar in Agra?

Answer:

Aurangzeb did not treat Shivaji Maharaj with due honour at his court and gave vent to his anger.

Question 4.

When and where was Shivaji Maharaj coronated? Who crowned him?

Answer:

On 6th June, 1674, Gagabhatt a learned Pandit crowned Shivaji Maharaj at Raigad.

Question 5.

What was inscribed on the special coins minted on the occasion of the coronation?

Answer:

Shri Raja Shiva Chhatrapati was inscribed on . the special coins minted on the occasion of the coronation.

Question 6.

Which dictionary was prepared on the special occasion of coronation?

Answer:

A dictionary showing Sanskrit alternatives for Persian words was prepared. It is called 'Rajya-vyavahara-kosha'.

Question 7.

<https://www.indcareer.com/schools/maharashtra-board-solutions-for-class-7-history-chapter-6-conflict-with-the-mughals/>

What did Sabhasad, a chronicler, write about Shivaji Maharaj?

Answer:

Sabhasad wrote “It was no mean achievement for a Maratha King to become such a great Chhatrapati”.

Question 8.

What was the objective of Jaisingh’s invasion?

Answer:

The objective of Jaisingh’s invasion was to curb the increasing activities of Shivaji Maharaj and then to turn to Adilshahi.

Question 9.

Under whose guidance was the second coronation performed?

Answer:

Shivaji Maharaj’s second coronation was performed under the guidance of Nischalpur Gosavi.

Question 10.

What was encouraged by rulers of Tanjavur?

Answer:

Rulers of Tanjavur encouraged art and learning.

The Saraswati Mahal Library in Tanjavur is world famous.

Give reasons:

Question 1.

Shaistakhan suffered great humiliation.

Answer:

(i) Shaistakhan invaded Pune and set up his camp at Lai Mahal in Pune, where Shivaji Maharaj lived in his childhood.

<https://www.indcareer.com/schools/maharashtra-board-solutions-for-class-7-history-chapter-6-conflict-with-the-mughals/>

- (ii) His forces looted the people.
- (iii) Shivaji Maharaj decided to raid Lai Mahal.
- (iv) On the night of 5th April, 1663, along with his band of soldiers, Shivaji Maharaj raided Lai Mahal.
- (v) In this raid, Shaistakhan lost his fingers hence suffered great humiliation.

Question 2.

Shivaji Maharaj decided to attack/raid Surat.

Answer:

- (i) Shivaji Maharaj wanted to teach the Mughals a lesson as Shaistakhan had ravaged large territories of the Swaraj.
- (ii) Surat was a big trade centre and a port under Mughal control.
- (iii) The British, Dutch and French laid their factories in Surat.
- (iv) Maximum revenue was being generated by this city for the emperor.
- (v) It was a rich city.
- (vi) Maharaj marched to Surat.
- (vii) The Subhedar of Surat could not put up any resistance.
- (viii) Maharaj obtained plenty of wealth from Surat without bothering the common people.
- (ix) This campaign was a stunning blow to Emperor Aurangzeb's prestige.
- (x) This campaign of Surat was completely successful.

Question 3.

Shivaji Maharaj raided Lai Mahal.

Answer:

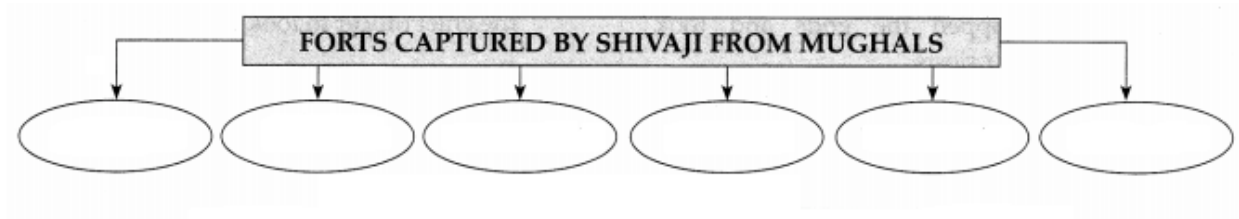
- (i) Shaistakhan had set up his camp at Lai Mahal, in Pune where Shivaji Maharaj had lived in his childhood.

<https://www.indcareer.com/schools/maharashtra-board-solutions-for-class-7-history-chapter-6-conflict-with-the-mughals/>

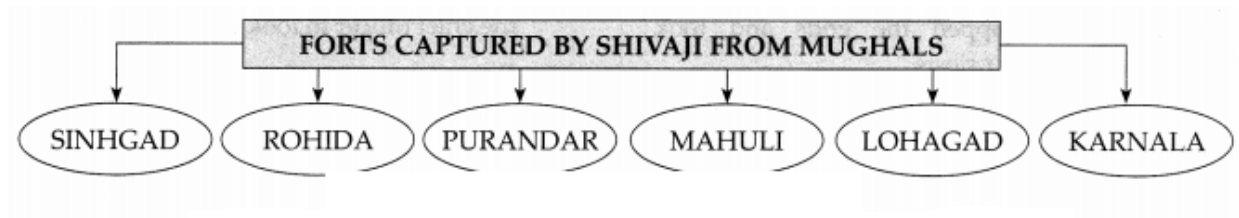
- (ii) Shaistakhan's army looted the people in the Pune region for two years.
- (iii) This had an adverse effect on the morale of people.
- (iv) Therefore Shivaji Maharaj raided Lai Mahal.

Complete the following:

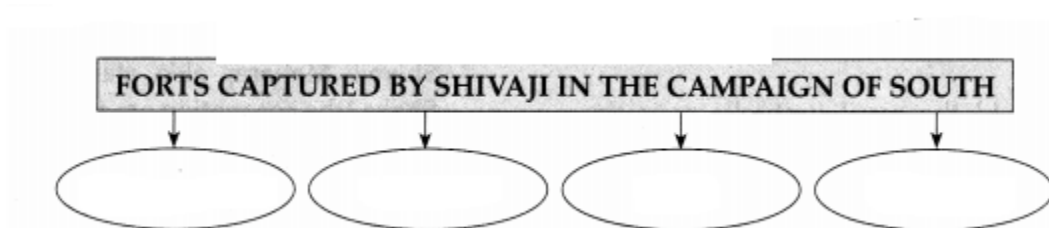
Question 1.



Answer:

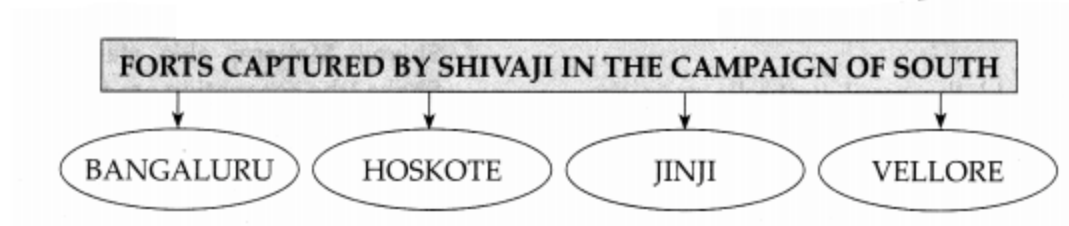


Question 2.



Answer:

<https://www.indcareer.com/schools/maharashtra-board-solutions-for-class-7-history-chapter-6-conflict-with-the-mughals/>



Maharashtra Board Solutions

Class 7 History

- Chapter 1- Sources of History
- Chapter 2- India before the Times of Shivaji Maharaj
- Chapter 3- Religious Synthesis
- Chapter 4- Maharashtra before the Times of Shivaji Maharaj
- Chapter 5- The Foundation of the Swaraj
- Chapter 6- Conflict with the Mughals
- Chapter 7- The Administration of the Swaraj
- Chapter 8- An Ideal Ruler
- Chapter 9- The Maratha War of Independence
- Chapter 10- The Expansion of the Maratha Power
- Chapter 11- Marathas - The Protectors of the Nation
- Chapter 12- Progression of the Empire
- Chapter 13- Life of the People in Maharashtra

<https://www.indcareer.com/schools/maharashtra-board-solutions-for-class-7-history-chapter-6-conflict-with-the-mughals/>

About About Maharashtra State Board (MSBSHSE)

The Maharashtra State Board of Secondary and Higher Secondary Education or MSBSHSE (Marathi: महाराष्ट्र राज्य माध्यमिक आणि उच्च माध्यमिक शिक्षण मंडळ), is an **autonomous and statutory body established in 1965**. The board was amended in the year 1977 under the provisions of the Maharashtra Act No. 41 of 1965.

The Maharashtra State Board of Secondary & Higher Secondary Education (MSBSHSE), Pune is an independent body of the Maharashtra Government. There are more than 1.4 million students that appear in the examination every year. The Maha State Board conducts the board examination twice a year. This board conducts the examination for SSC and HSC.

The Maharashtra government established the Maharashtra State Bureau of Textbook Production and Curriculum Research, also commonly referred to as Ebalbharati, in 1967 to take up the responsibility of providing quality textbooks to students from all classes studying under the Maharashtra State Board. MSBHSE prepares and updates the curriculum to provide holistic development for students. It is designed to tackle the difficulty in understanding the concepts with simple language with simple illustrations. Every year around 10 lakh students are enrolled in schools that are affiliated with the Maharashtra State Board.

<https://www.indcareer.com/schools/maharashtra-board-solutions-for-class-7-history-chapter-6-conflict-with-the-mughals/>

FAQs

Where do I get the Maharashtra State Board Books PDF For free download?

You can download the Maharashtra State Board Books from the eBalbharti official website, i.e. cart.ebalbharati.in or from this article.

Add image

How to Download Maharashtra State Board Books?

Students can get the Maharashtra Books for primary, secondary, and senior secondary classes from here. You can view or download the Maharashtra State Board Books from this page or from the official website for free of cost. Students can follow the detailed steps below to visit the official website and download the e-books for all subjects or a specific subject in different mediums.

Step 1: Visit the official website ebalbharati.in

Step 2: On the top of the screen, select "Download PDF textbooks"

Step 3: From the "Classes" section, select your class.

Step 4: From "Medium", select the medium suitable to you.

Step 5: All Maharashtra board books for class 11th will now be displayed on the right side.

Step 6: Click on the "Download" option to download the PDF book.

Who developed the Maharashtra State board books?

As of now, the MSCERT and Balbharti are responsible for the syllabus and textbooks of Classes 1 to 8, while Classes 9 and 10 are under the Maharashtra State Board of Secondary and Higher Secondary Education (MSBSHSE).

How many state boards are there in Maharashtra?

The Maharashtra State Board of Secondary & Higher Secondary Education, conducts the HSC and SSC Examinations in the state of Maharashtra through its nine Divisional Boards located at Pune, Mumbai, Aurangabad, Nasik, Kolhapur, Amravati, Latur, Nagpur and Ratnagiri.

<https://www.indcareer.com/schools/maharashtra-board-solutions-for-class-7-history-chapter-6-conflict-with-the-mughals/>

About IndCareer

IndCareer.com is a leading developer of online career guidance resources for the Indian marketplace. Established in 2007, IndCareer.com is currently used by over thousands of institutions across India, including schools, employment agencies, libraries, colleges and universities.

IndCareer.com is designed to assist you in making the right career decision - a decision that meets your unique interests and personality.

For any clarifications or questions you can write to **info@indcareer.com**

Postal Address

IndCareer.com
52, Shilpa Nagar,
Somalwada
Nagpur - 440015
Maharashtra, India

WhatsApp: +91 9561 204 888

Website: <https://www.indcareer.com>

<https://www.indcareer.com/schools/maharashtra-board-solutions-for-class-7-history-chapter-6-conflict-with-the-mughals/>