

2022 XI 24

0230

Seat No.

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Time : 2 Hours

FIRST-TERM

GEOGRAPHY

Subject Code

(CWSN)

H	4	5	5	7
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Total No. of Questions : 40 (Printed Pages : 11)

Maximum Marks : 40

- INSTRUCTIONS :**
- (i) Every question has four choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) and only one of them is the correct answer.
 - (ii) On the OMR sheet darken completely with a ball point pen **ONLY ONE** bubble you consider as the most appropriate answer.
 - (iii) Multiple markings are invalid.
 - (iv) Use Blue or Black ball point pen only.
 - (v) Do not fold the OMR sheet or use white ink.
 - (vi) For each question, you will be awarded **ONE** mark, if you have darkened only the bubble corresponding to the correct answer. In all other cases, you will get ZERO mark. **There is no negative mark.**
 - (vii) Once the bubble is filled it is not possible to change the answer.
 - (viii) Only **one** OMR sheet will be provided. Hence sufficient care must be taken while darkening the bubble.

1. One of the sub-fields of Social Geography is
 - (A) Geography of Resources
 - (B) Cultural Geography
 - (C) Geography of Tourism
 - (D) Geography of Agriculture

2. When human beings dominate the nature, it is known as
 - (A) Humanisation of Nature
 - (B) Naturalisation of Humans
 - (C) No determinism
 - (D) Stop and Go Determinism

3. Geography of Marketing is the sub-field of
 - (A) Social Geography
 - (B) Political Geography
 - (C) Economic Geography
 - (D) Urban Geography

4. The densely populated areas in the world are
 - (A) Desert Areas
 - (B) The Ganga plains
 - (C) The Himalayas
 - (D) Polar Areas

5. One of the important pull factors of migration is
- (A) Unpleasant Climate
 - (B) Epidemics
 - (C) Poor living conditions
 - (D) Job opportunities
6. In Demographic Transition Theory stage one shows
- (A) High Birth and High Death
 - (B) High Death and Low Birth
 - (C) Low Birth and Low Death
 - (D) High Birth and Low Death
7. Countries with low sex ratio leads to
- (A) Women Empowerment
 - (B) Female Foeticide
 - (C) Gender Equality
 - (D) Higher socio-economic status for women
8. In rural areas maximum people are engaged in
- (A) Secondary Activities
 - (B) Tertiary Activities
 - (C) Primary Activities
 - (D) Quaternary Activities

9. The country with high sex ratio is
- (A) China
 - (B) India
 - (C) Pakistan
 - (D) Latvia
10. Human Development concept was put forth by
- (A) Griffith Taylor
 - (B) Dr. Mahbub-Ul-Haq
 - (C) Ellen Semple
 - (D) Ratzel
11. The term 'development' concerns with
- (A) a positive change in quality
 - (B) a quantitative change
 - (C) a negative change
 - (D) no change
12. Access to equal opportunities available to people irrespective of gender, race and income is known as
- (A) Sustainability
 - (B) Productivity
 - (C) Empowerment
 - (D) Equity

13. The approach of Human Development which was proposed by International Labour Organisation is
- (A) Basic Need Approach
 - (B) Welfare Approach
 - (C) Capability Approach
 - (D) Income Approach
14. The shifting cultivation is also known as
- (A) Truck Farming
 - (B) Viticulture
 - (C) Plantation Agriculture
 - (D) Slash and Burn Agriculture
15. One of the important Plantation crop is
- (A) Tea
 - (B) Wheat
 - (C) Rice
 - (D) Jowar
16. Dairy farming specializes in
- (A) Hunting
 - (B) Food Gathering
 - (C) Rearing of cows and buffaloes
 - (D) Grape Cultivation

17. The country that successfully carried out Co-operative Farming Movement is
- (A) Denmark
 - (B) China
 - (C) Nepal
 - (D) Bhutan
18. The extraction of minerals from the surface of the earth is
- (A) Mining
 - (B) Agriculture
 - (C) Fishing
 - (D) Hunting
19. Manufacturing and industrial activity is a part of
- (A) Primary Activities
 - (B) Secondary Activities
 - (C) Tertiary Activities
 - (D) Quinary Activities
20. A major Agro-based industry is
- (A) Leather Industry
 - (B) Food Processing Industry
 - (C) Chemical Industry
 - (D) Cement Industry

21. One of the main raw materials for Mineral Based Industry is
- (A) Bamboo
 - (B) Ivory
 - (C) Iron Ore
 - (D) Pickles
22. Public Sector Undertakings (PSUs) are owned by
- (A) Private Sector
 - (B) Joint Sector
 - (C) Private Public Sector
 - (D) Public Sector
23. Industry that is located near source of raw material is
- (A) Sugar Industry
 - (B) Automobile Industry
 - (C) Plastic Industry
 - (D) Furniture Industry
24. When the trading takes place in bulk quantity, it is known as
- (A) Retail Trading
 - (B) Periodic Trading
 - (C) Wholesale Trading
 - (D) Barter System

25. Tertiary activity is concerned with
- (A) Farming
 - (B) Weaving
 - (C) Hunting
 - (D) Services
26. In present time, the most used communication system is
- (A) Telegraph
 - (B) Radio
 - (C) Newspaper
 - (D) Internet
27. In rural areas, weekly and bi-weekly markets are called as
- (A) Periodic Markets
 - (B) Urban Markets
 - (C) Supermarkets
 - (D) Retail Markets
28. Television is part of
- (A) Satellite
 - (B) Print Media
 - (C) Mass Media
 - (D) Transport
29. One of the modes of Land transportation is
- (A) Waterway
 - (B) Railways
 - (C) Open Sea Transport
 - (D) Airways

30. The important mode of transportation along the coastal areas is
- (A) Air Transportation
 - (B) Railway Transportation
 - (C) Road Transportation
 - (D) Water Transportation
31. The costliest mode of passenger transportation is
- (A) Road way
 - (B) Airway
 - (C) Water way
 - (D) Underground
32. The North Atlantic Sea Route is also known as
- (A) Big Trunk Route
 - (B) Big Box Route
 - (C) Big Bang Route
 - (D) Small Trunk Route
33. Pipelines are used for transporting
- (A) Rice
 - (B) Wheat
 - (C) Iron Ore
 - (D) Petroleum and Natural Gas

34. If the goods are exchanged for goods, it is called
- (A) Retail Trade
 - (B) Barter System
 - (C) Wholesale Trade
 - (D) Export
35. One of the types of Balance of Trade is
- (A) Positive Balance of Trade
 - (B) Volume of Trade
 - (C) Direction of Trade
 - (D) Free Trade
36. The trade between India and Australia is
- (A) Multi-lateral trade
 - (B) Bilateral trade
 - (C) Free trade
 - (D) Volume of trade
37. The ports which deal in processing and shipping of oil are called
- (A) Oil Ports
 - (B) Naval Ports
 - (C) Out Ports
 - (D) Ports of Call

38. The ports which serve warship and have repair workshops are
- (A) Packet Station
 - (B) In ports
 - (C) Naval Ports
 - (D) Industrial Ports
39. When houses are built close to each other they are termed as
- (A) Dispersed Settlement
 - (B) Compact Settlement
 - (C) Isolated Settlement
 - (D) Circular Settlement
40. In rural settlement, the size of settlements is
- (A) Large
 - (B) Small
 - (C) Medium
 - (D) Very large