

SA2- worksheet

Std :- III (Mathematics)

In5: Division Concepts

In6: More Division

Q1 Fill in the blanks.

1. Division is _____ of the same number.
2. The symbol of division is _____
3. The number to be divided is called _____
4. The number by which we divide is called _____
5. The answer of division is called the _____
6. The number which is left over after division is called the _____
7.

$42 \div 6 = 7$
 $\downarrow$
Dividend

$\downarrow$
Divisor

$\downarrow$

8. Any number $\div$ same number = _____
9. $32 \div 32 =$ _____
10. $18 \div 18 =$ _____

11. Any number $\div 1 =$ _____

12. $19 \div 1 =$ _____

13. $25 \div 1 =$ _____

14. Zero $\div$ any number (except zero) = _____

15. Ex $0 \div 9 =$ _____

16. Division by zero is not _____

Q11 Find the quotient:

1.  Dividend =

 Divisor =

$8 \div 2 =$ Quotient =

2.  Dividend =

 Divisor =

$10 \div 2 =$ Quotient =

3.  Dividend =

 Divisor =

 Quotient =

$12 \div 4 =$

In 6:- More Division

QI Solve using the long form of division.

1. $64 \div 8$

2. $72 \div 9$

3. $24 \div 3$

4. $56 \div 7$

5. $21 \div 3$

6. $28 \div 7$

7. $81 \div 9$

QII Find the quotient - and the remainder using long division.

1. $25 \div 3$

2. $15 \div 2$

3. $29 \div 4$

4. $36 \div 5$

5. $43 \div 7$

6. $57 \div 8$

7. $75 \div 9$

QIII Fill in the blanks.

1) If $9 \times 8 = 72$ then $72 \div 8 =$

2) If $7 \times 8 = 56$ then $56 \div 8 =$

3) If $9 \times 5 = 45$ then $45 \div 9 =$

4) If $7 \times 7 = 49$ then $49 \div 7 =$

5) If $6 \times 6 = 36$ then $36 \div 6 =$

6) If $4 \times 8 = 32$ then $_\div 8 = 4$

7) If $9 \times 7 = 63$ then $_\div 7 = 9$

QIV Write the division facts for the following.

1) $4 \times 5 = 20$ a)

b)

2) $5 \times 9 = 45$ a)

b)

3) $4 \times 6 = 24$ a)

b)