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**WORK SHEET**  
**SECOND TERM**  
**SUBJECT- SOCIAL SCIENCE**  
**LESSON - RELIGIOUS DEVELOPMENTS**  
**CLASS- VII**

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**I. EXPLAIN THE FOLLOWING TERMS:**

- a) Hagiographies.
- b) Advaita Philosophy.
- c) Vishishtadvaita.
- d) Silsilahs.

**II. FILL IN THE BLANKS:**

- a) The Bhakti movement was begun by the \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ saints.
- b) Tulsidas wrote \_\_\_\_\_.
- c) The \_\_\_\_\_ is the holy book of the Sikhs.
- d) \_\_\_\_\_ is regarded by the Sikhs as their first guru.
- e) \_\_\_\_\_ is the religion of the Sikhs.
- f) The word 'Sufi' is derived from suf , meaning \_\_\_\_\_.

**III. NAME THE FOLLOWING:**

- a) The two things that a member of the Khalsa has to have with him.
- b) The first sacred book of the Sikhs.
- c) He was the tenth guru of the Sikhs.
- d) The place where Guru Nanak was born.
- e) The poems through which Kabir conveyed his message.
- f) The Bhakti saint from Bengal.
- g) The two silsilahs which became popular in India.

**IV. MATCH THE FOLLOWING:**

- | A                   | B                               |
|---------------------|---------------------------------|
| a) Shankaracharya   | 1) Khwaja Muin ud din Chisti.   |
| b) Ramanuja         | 2) Saints of Maharashtra.       |
| c) Varakaris        | 3) A bhakti saint.              |
| d) Chisti order     | 4) Vishishtadvaita              |
| e) Suharwardi order | 5) Shaikh Baha-ud-din Zakariya. |

**V. DISTINGUISH BETWEEN:**

- a) Saguna and Nirguna form of Bhakti.
- b) Alvar and Nayanar saints.

**VI. ANSWER IN ONE SENTENCE;**

- a) When and where did Bhakti Movement begin?
- b) What do you understand by the term Khanqah?
- c) Write about the language used in Kabir's verses.
- d) Explain the terms dharamshala and langar.

**VII. WRITE SHORT NOTES ON:**

- a) Kabir
- b) Guru Nanak.

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