FINAL TERM -2012
STD. - III
MATHEMATICS

MEASUREMENT OF CAPAPCITY

I Fill in the blanks

1. The quantity of liquid that a vessel can contain or hold is its _____ .
2. The standard unit of capacity is _____.
3. 1 litre _____ mililitre.
4. We use the units _____ and _____ to express capacity.
5. _____ is used to measure large quantities.
6. To convert litre to mililitre multiply by _____.
7. _____ is used to measure a little quantity.
8. Milk, oil, petrol are measured in terms of _____ and _____.
9. 5 ℓ = _____ mℓ
10. 30 ℓ = _____ mℓ
11. 18 ℓ = _____ mℓ

II Conver litre into milliliter

1. 8 ℓ
2. 30 ℓ
3. 55 ℓ
4. 12 ℓ

III Add the Following

1.

	ℓ	mℓ
	288	235
+	84	639

2.

	ℓ	mℓ
	427	437
+	219	524

3.

	ℓ	mℓ
	180	300
+	219	360

4.

	ℓ	mℓ
	97	250
+	148	250

5.

	ℓ	mℓ
	842	230
+	48	715

6.

	ℓ	mℓ
	86	482
+	66	385

IV Subtract the following :

1.

	ℓ	mℓ
	85	280
-	76	192

2.

	ℓ	mℓ
	150	395
-	49	699

3.

	ℓ	mℓ
	462	600
-	197	125

4.

	ℓ	mℓ
	225	250
-	198	960

5.

	ℓ	mℓ
	460	275
-	383	187

6.

	ℓ	mℓ
	149	947
-	69	623