

કુલ સમય :- ૬૦ મીનીટ

કુલ પ્રશ્નો : ૫૦

વિદ્યાર્થીએ ટીક કરવાના પ્રશ્નો : ૩૫

નોંધ : વિદ્યાર્થીએ માત્ર ૩૫ પ્રશ્નો જ ટીક કરવાના રહેશે. જો વધારે ટીક કરેલ હશે તો પ્રથમ ૩૫ પ્રશ્નો જ ગણતરીમાં લેવામાં આવશે.

- (1) The method of production based on machine and fuel power is -----
(A) Industry (B) Business (C) Business (D) Trade
- (2) Industrialization is the process of using hand tools in the production of goods Energy powered machines take place – who gave this definition?
(A) Dr. Vidhyarthi (B) Dr. Gore (C) Care (D) Valunjkar
- (3) Who indicates the close relationship between social life and the factors of production?
(A) Westernization (B) Modernization (C) Industrialization (D) Urbanization
- (4) Modern industry is a mode of production based on machine and fuel and production The development and expansion of this method mean industrialization - who gave this definition?
(A) Walunjkar (B) Dr. Gore (C) Care (D) Dr. Vidhyarthi
- (5) Industrialization is based on which source of power?
(A) Animate (B) Inanimate (C) Natural (D) None
- (6) When did the railways start in India?
(A) 1833 (B) 1843 (C) 1853 (D) 1863
- (7) Which of the following is a supporting factor of industrialization?
(A) Population growth (B) Poverty (C) Unemployment (D) Education and research
- (8) When did Tata start an iron and steel factory?
(A) 1907 (B) 1917 (C) 1927 (D) 1937
- (9) When did modern industries start from India?
(A) 1650 (B) 1750 (C) 1850 (D) 1950
- (10) Rapid industrialization with development of basic and heavy industries in which five year plan Emphasized?
(A) Third (B) First (C) Fourth (D) Second
- (11) What is the main level of manpower required in industries?
(A) Three (B) Five (C) Seven (D) Nine
- (12) Which of the following is an inhibitory factor of industrialization?
(A) Natural Resources (B) Illiteracy and Poverty (C) World Wars
(D) Development of Transportation
- (13) What are the main types of market?
(A) Seven (B) Five (C) Two (D) Three
- (14) Who coined the term industrial society?
(A) St. Simon (B) Emile Durkheim (C) Karl Marx (D) Max Weber
- (15) Complex from a primitive primitive society with a simple division of labor Evolved industrial society with division of labor?
(A) St. Simon (B) Emile Durkheim (C) Karl Marx (D) Max Weber
- (16) What is the concept that implies the relationship between industry and society?
(A) Primitive society (B) Rural society (C) Industrial society (D) Member society
- (17) Who has considered evolution to be progressive?
(A) Spencer (B) St. Simon (C) Karl Marx (D) Durkheim
- (18) Raymond Aaron is a sociologist of which country?
(A) America (B) France (C) Italy (D) Germany
- (19) Societies have gone through different stages in the last stage industrial and Takes the form of a society based on science - who said this?
(A) Karl Marx (B) Robert Merton (C) August Comte (D) Max Weber
- (20) According to whom, large scale industry is a characteristic form of industrial society?
(A) Durkheim (B) Robert Merton (C) Maxweber (D) Raymond Aaron
- (21) When did the Industrial Revolution take place?
(A) 1620 (B) 1760 (C) 1820 (D) 1920
- (22) New to a society characterized by the opposite of the pre-industrial society Who refers to it as industrial civilization?
(A) Raymond Aaron (B) Robert Merton (C) Maria (D) Maxweber
- (23) What happened to the Industrial Revolution?
(A) Italy (B) America (C) France (D) England
- (24) Considering the heartfelt elements of the industrial system, who has shown its four characteristics?
(A) Feldman and Moore (B) Maria (C) Karl Marx (D) Max Weber
- (25) How many large cement plants are there in India?
(A) 40 (B) 55 (C) 124 (D) 35
- (26) What was the total number of factories in India in 1947?
(A) 1000 (B) 5007 (C) 7718 (D) 14029

- (27) What is the name of the system designed for administration in an industrial organization?
 (A) Management (B) Supervision (C) Monitor (D) None
- (28) Who has described the three main functions of management pertaining to the role of caretaker?
 (A) Durkheim (B) Schneider (C) Marx (D) Merton
- (29) Who calls management the soul of an industrial organization?
 (A) Maria (B) Schneider (C) Karl Marx (D) Gisbert
- (30) Who is the pioneer of pragmatic ideology?
 (A) Frederick Tyler (B) Maria (C) Marx (D) Durkheim
- (31) Who are the important human resources in the industry?
 (A) Laborers (B) Workers (C) Machines (D) Officers
- (32) In which of the following industries is the process of finding manpower resources?
 (A) Hiring workers (B) Finding workers (C) Recruiting workers (D) None
- (33) What are the main methods for recruitment of workers in industries?
 (A) Two (B) Three (C) Four (D) Five
- (34) When was the International Labor Organization founded?
 (A) 1919 (B) 1920 (C) 1921 (D) 1922
- (35) Which scholar calls industrialization a natural process?
 (A) Wilbert Moore (B) Durkheim (C) Tony Watson (D) Davis
- (36) Which of the following is important in an industrial society?
 (A) Income (B) Machine (C) Machines (D) Service occupations
- (37) Which countries have the characteristics of a fully industrialized society?
 (A) Eastern countries (B) Western developed countries (C) Asian countries (D) African countries
- (38) Coefficients are formed by emphasizing the difference of status and power in an industrial organization. What is it called then?
 (A) Staff Organization (B) Line and Staff Organization (C) Line Organization (D) None
- (39) In which organization is it easier to determine responsibility?
 (A) Staff Organization (B) Line and Staff Organization (C) Line Organization (D) None
- (40) What is the functional mechanism of staff organization?
 (A) Horizontal line form (B) Vertical line form (C) Both (D) None
- (41) Interactions occur between workers gathered in work activities and the group formed by them. What is it called?
 (A) Working group (B) Workers union (C) Organization (D) Friends group
- (42) How many important tasks does the manager of an industrial organization have to perform in his administrative role?
 (A) Two (B) Three (C) Five (D) Seven
- (43) Which of the following is the task of resolving industrial disputes between workers and employers. Is there a neutral mechanism?
 (A) Manager (B) Owner (C) Arbitrator (D) Mediator
- (44) What is compulsory arbitration called?
 (A) Court system (B) Compromise (C) Collective bargaining (D) None
- (45) Settlement of Industrial Disputes in India as per the provisions of the Industrial Disputes Act. How many applications are there for?
 (A) Seven (B) Five (C) Three (D) One
- (46) What is the system of collective bargaining?
 (A) Unilateral (B) Bilateral (C) Both (D) None
- (47) Trade union workers for the purpose of improving their working conditions. Is a consistent congregation formed – who gave this definition?
 (A) Richardson (B) V V Giri (C) Flanders (D) Sydney and the Web
- (48) I. L. O. What is the level of labor organization?
 (A) World class (B) National class (C) Regional class (D) Local class
- (49) In whose view collective bargaining is basically the process of making rules in which Workers and employers together determine the terms of employment of workers?
 (A) Richardson (B) V V Giri (C) Flanders (D) Sydney and the Web
- (50) According to Shanidar, what is the main function of a trade union?
 (A) Strike (B) Collective bargaining (C) Compromise (D) Demonstrations