

1. Examine the subsistence strategies of the Harappan Civilisation.
2. Highlight the agricultural technologies used by the Harappan Civilisation.
3. Can we say that Mohenjodaro was a planned urban centre? Discuss.
4. Do you think that there were social and economic differences in the Harappan Civilisation?
5. How can we say that the Harappans had contact with distant lands?
6. Why do historians find it difficult to piece together the past?
7. On an outline map of India mark the following : Rivers-- Ravi, Chenab, Jhelum, Sutlej, Indus.  
Places Harappa, Mohenjodaro, Banawali, Rakhigarhi, Kalibangan, Kotdiji, Channundaro, Rangpur, Balakot, Dholavira, Lothal, Nageshwar.

## Assignment 2

Class 12

## History

1. Examine the contribution of James Prinsep to Indian epigraphy.
2. Why was Magadh considered to be the first amongst the sixteen Mahajanapadas?
3. How did the Historians discover the Mauryan empire? How was it administered?
4. How did Kings claim social status in ancient India?
5. Examine the sources, which give us information about the changes taking place in the countryside in ancient India.
6. What are the limitations of inscripational evidences?
7. (A). On an outline map of India mark the following Mahajanapadas and cities:  
Vajji, Magadha, Koshala, Kuru, Panchala, Gandhara, Avanti, Rajgir, Ujjain, Taxila, Varanasi.  
  
(B) On an outline map of India mark the. Distribution of Ashokan inscriptions :  
  
(i) Pataliputra — Capital of Ashoka.  
  
(ii) Major rock Edicts — Girnar, Sopara, Sanati, Kalsi, Shishupalgarh.  
  
(iii) Pillar inscriptions — Sanchi, Topra, Meerut, Kaushambi.

(C) On an outline map of India mark important Kingdoms & Towns--

(i) Kingdom of Cholas, Keralaputras and Pandyas.

(ii) Kingdom of the Kushans, Shakas, Satvahana, Vakatakas, Guptas

(iii) Cities/towns : Mathura, Kanauj, Puhar, Bragukachchha