

**GOVERNMENT OF KARNATAKA
DEPARTMENT OF SCHOOL EDUCATION (PRE-UNIVERSITY)
I PUC MODEL QUESTION PAPER: 2024-25
SUBJECT: PSYCHOLOGY (32)**

(ENGLISH VERSION)

Time : 3 Hours

Total No. of questions: 44

Max.Marks: 80

INSTRUCTIONS:

- 1. The question paper contains 5 parts A, B, C, D & E consisting of sections I, II, III, IV, V, VI, VII & VIII.**
- 2. All the parts are compulsory.**
- 3. The answer should be written completely either in English or in Kannada.**
- 4. For part 'A' questions only the first written answers will be considered for**
- 5. evaluation.**

PART – A

I. Select the correct alternative from the choice given : (5X1 = 5)

- 1) _____ viewed human beings are motivated by conscious desire for gratification of pleasure.
a) Behaviourism (b) Gestalt
c) Psychoanalysis (d) Humanistic
- 2) In _____ tests items are made of symbols or pictures
a) Verbal (b) Non-Verbal
c) Performance (d) Speed
- 3) _____ is a process through which an individual grows and changes throughout the life cycle.
a) Development (b) Maturation
c) Evolution (d) Growth
- 4) What will happen if the sky falls on us? Is an example of _____ motive
a) Achievement motive (b) Power motive
c) Curiosity & Exploration motive (d) Affiliation motive

- 5) In _____ conditioning, the onset of CS precedes the onset of US
- a) Trace (b) Backward
c) Simultaneous (d) Delayed

II. Fill in the blanks by choosing the appropriate word from those given in the brackets : (5X1=5)

[Verbal, Size constancy, Cognitive perspective, Biological, Urie Bronfenbrenner, Sigmund Freud]

- 6) Gestalt approach and Structuralism were combined and led to the development of the _____.
- 7) Literacy is required for taking _____ test.
- 8) _____ contextual view of development emphasizes the role of environmental factors in the development of an individual.
- 9) The size of an image on our retina changes with the change in the distance of the object from the eyes is called _____.
- 10) Thirst is an example of _____ motive.

III. Match the following : (5X1 = 5)

11)

A	B
a) Behaviors	i) Sensory modality
b) Sustained Attention	ii) Building block of thought
c) Mnemonics	iii) Maslow's hierarchy of needs
d) Mental image	iv) Strategies to improve memory
e) Self - actualization	v) Responses & reactions
	vi) Description

IV. Answer the following questions in a word or a sentence : (5X1 = 5)

- 12) Mention the types of memory.
- 13) All cats have four legs, I have four legs, therefore I am a cat this is an example of which type of reasoning?
- 14) A person argues or compete with another individual to have an impact on others is an example of which psychosocial motive?
- 15) Who was the first person to investigate classical conditioning?
- 16) Name any one of the prominent Gestalt psychologists.

V. Answer any *SEVEN* of the following questions in 2 to 3 sentences each : (7X2= 14)

- 17) Write about cognitive psychology.
- 18) Write the definition of psychology.
- 19) What is a control group?
- 20) Write the characteristics of sensorimotor stage.
- 21) Give an example for top – down processing.
- 22) What is a reinforcer?
- 23) What is modeling?
- 24) What is a procedural memory?
- 25) Define forgetting.
- 26) Identify any two obstacles that may encounter in problem solving.
- 27) What are the biological bases of hunger and thirst needs?

VI. Answer any *SIX* of the following questions in 10 to 12 sentences each : (6X4= 24)

- 28) What is behavior? Give example of overt & covert behavior.
- 29) Give a brief account of the evolution of psychology.
- 30) Differentiate between an interview & a questionnaire.
- 31) Dr. Krishnan is going to observe and record children's play behaviour at a nursery school without attempting to influence or control the behaviour. Which method of research is involved? Explain the process and discuss its merits and demerits.
- 32) How do socio-cultural factors influence development?
- 33) Define attention. Explain its properties.
- 34) How does classical conditioning demonstrate learning by association?
- 35) Differentiate between declarative and procedural memories?
- 36) How can creative thinking be enhanced?
- 37) Why is it important to manage negative emotions? Suggest ways to manage negative emotions.

VII. Answer any *TWO* of the following questions in 20 to 25 sentences each : (2X6= 12)

- 38) Discuss the strengths and weaknesses of experimental method as a method of enquiry.
- 39) Explain the principle of perceptual organization.
- 40) Explain the different forms of cognitive learning?
- 41) Does thinking take place without language? Discuss.

(PRACTICAL PART)

VIII. Answer any *TWO* of the following :

(2X5= 10)

42) Write the plan and procedure that you have adopted to study the effect of directed observation on the accuracy of the report.

43) Write the plan and procedure that you have adopted to determine the possibility of division of attention between two muscular tasks.

44) Write the plan and procedure that you have adopted to determine the effect of distribution of learning period and retention.
