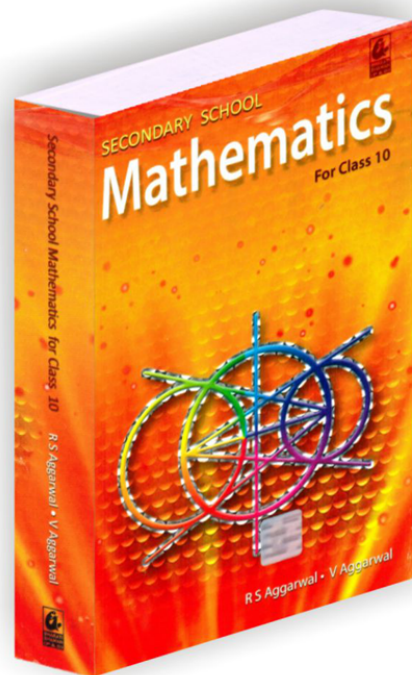


RS Aggarwal Solutions for Class 10 Maths Chapter 5–Arithmetic Progression

Class 10 - Chapter 5 Arithmetic Progressions



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RS Aggarwal Solutions for Class 10 Maths Chapter 5–Arithmetic Progression

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Exercise 5A

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Arithmetic Progression

Definition: An **arithmetic progression** is a sequence of the form: $a, a + d, a + 2d, \dots, a + nd, \dots$

where the **initial term** a and the **common difference** d are real numbers.

Examples:

1. Let $a = -1$ and $d = 4$:

$$\{s_n\} = \{s_0, s_1, s_2, s_3, s_4, \dots\} = \{-1, 3, 7, 11, 15, \dots\}$$

2. Let $a = 7$ and $d = -3$:

$$\{t_n\} = \{t_0, t_1, t_2, t_3, t_4, \dots\} = \{7, 4, 1, -2, -5, \dots\}$$

3. Let $a = 1$ and $d = 2$:

$$\{u_n\} = \{u_0, u_1, u_2, u_3, u_4, \dots\} = \{1, 3, 5, 7, 9, \dots\}$$

General Term (n^{th} Term) of an AP

$$a_n = a + (n - 1)d$$

where a = 1st term & d = common difference

Sum of First n Terms of an AP

$$S_n = \frac{n}{2} [2a + (n - 1)d]$$

where a = 1st term & d = common difference

OR

$$S_n = \frac{n}{2} (a + a_n)$$

If there are only n terms in an AP, then $a_n = l$, where l = last term

Question 1:

The given progression is 3, 9, 15, 21

Clearly $(9 - 3) = (15 - 9) = (21 - 15) = 6$ which is constant

Thus, each term differs from its preceding term by 6

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So, the given progression is an AP

Its first term = 3 and the common difference = 6

Question 2:

The given progression is 16, 11, 6, 1, -4

Clearly $(11 - 16) = (6 - 11) = (1 - 6) = (-4 - 1) = -5$ which is constant

Thus, each term differs from its preceding term by -5

So the given progression is an AP

Its first term = 16 and the common difference = -5

Question 3:

(i) The given AP is 1, 5, 9, 13, 17.....

Its first term = 1 and common difference = $(5 - 1) = 4$

$\therefore a = 1$ and $d = 4$

The n^{th} term of the AP is given by

$$T_n = a + (n-1)d$$

$$T_{20} = 1 + (20-1) \times 4 = 1 + 76 = 77$$

Hence, the 20th term is 77

(ii) The given AP is 6, 9, 12, 15

Its first term = 6 and common difference = $(9 - 6) = 3$

$\therefore a = 6, d = 3$

The n^{th} term of the AP is given by

$$T_n = a + (n-1)d$$

$$T_{35} = 6 + (35-1) \times 3 = 6 + 102 = 108$$

Hence, the 35th term is 108

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(iii) The given AP is 5, 11, 17, 23

Its first term = 5, and common difference = $(11 - 5) = 6$

$$\therefore a = 5, d = 6$$

The n^{th} term of AP is given by

$$T_n = a + (n-1) d$$

$$T_n = 5 + (n-1) \times 6 = 5 + 6n - 6 = 6n - 1$$

(iv) The given AP is $(5a - x)$, $6a$, $(7a + x)$

Its first term = $(5a - x)$ and common difference = $6a - 5a - x = a + x$

The n^{th} term of AP is given by

$$T_n = a + (n-1) d$$

$$T_{11} = (5a - x) + (11-1) (a + x)$$

$$= 5a - x + 10x + 10x$$

$$= 15a + 9x = 3(5a + 3x)$$

Hence the 11^{th} term is $3(5a + 3x)$

Question 4:

(i) The given AP is 63, 58, 53, 48

First term = 63, common difference = $58 - 63 = -5$

$$\therefore a = 63, d = -5$$

The n^{th} term of AP is given by

$$T_n = a + (n-1) d$$

$$T_{10} = 63 + (10-1) (-5) = 63 - 45 = 18$$

Hence the 10^{th} term is 18

(ii) The given AP is 9, 5, 1, -3....

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First term = 9, common difference = $5 - 9 = -4$

$\therefore a = 9, d = -4$

The n^{th} term of AP is given by

$$T_n = a + (n-1)d$$

$$T_{14} = 9 + (14-1)(-4) = 9 - 52 = -43$$

Hence, the 14th term is -43

(iii) The given AP is 16, 9, 2, -5

First term = 16, common difference = $9 - 16 = -7$

$\therefore a = 16, d = -7$

The n^{th} term of AP is given by

$$T_n = a + (n-1)d$$

$$T_n = 16 + (n-1)(-7) \Rightarrow 16 - 7n + 7 = (23 - 7n)$$

Hence, the n^{th} term is $(23 - 7n)$.

Question 5:

The given AP is 6, 734, 912, 1114,

First term = 6, common difference = $(734 - 6)$

$$= (314 - 6)$$

$$= 74$$

$$a = 6, d = 74$$

The n^{th} term is given by

$$T_n = a + (n-1)d$$

$$T_{14} = 6 + (37 - 1)(74) = 6 + 63 = 69$$

Hence, 37th term is 69

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Question 6:

The given AP is 5, 412, 4, 312, 3,

The first term = 5,

common difference = $(412-5)=(92-5)=-12$

$\therefore a = 5, d = -12$

The n^{th} term is given by

$$T_n = a + (n-1) d$$

$$T_{14} = 5 + (25 - 1) (-1/2) = 5 - 12 = -7$$

Hence the 25th term is -7

Question 7:

In the given AP, we have $a = 6$ and $d = (10 - 6) = 4$

Suppose there are n terms in the given AP, then

$$T_n = 174 \Rightarrow a + (n-1) d = 174$$

$$\Rightarrow 6 + (n-1) 4 = 174$$

$$\Rightarrow 6 + 4n - 4 = 174$$

$$\Rightarrow 2 + 4n = 174 \Rightarrow n = 172/4 \Rightarrow 43$$

Hence there are 43 terms in the given AP

Question 8:

In the given AP we have $a = 41$ and $d = 38 - 41 = -3$

Suppose there are n terms in AP, then

$$T_n = 8 \Rightarrow a + (n-1) d = 8$$

$$\Rightarrow 41 + (n-1) (-3) = 8$$

$$\Rightarrow 41 - 3n + 3 = 8$$

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$$\Rightarrow -3n = -36 \Rightarrow n = 12$$

Hence there are 12 terms in the given AP

Question 9:

In the given AP, we have $a = 3$ and $d = 8 - 3 = 5$

Suppose there are n terms in given AP, then

$$T_n = a + (n-1)d = 88$$

$$\Rightarrow 3 + (n-1)5 = 88$$

$$\Rightarrow 3 + 5n - 5 = 88$$

$$\Rightarrow 5n = 90$$

$$\Rightarrow n = 12$$

Hence, the 18th term of given AP is 88

Question 10:

In the given AP, we have $a = 72$ and $d = 68 - 72 = -4$

Suppose there are n terms in given AP, we have

$$T_n = 0 \Rightarrow a + (n-1)d = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 72 + (n-1)(-4) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 72 - 4n + 4 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 4n = 76$$

$$\Rightarrow n = 19$$

Hence, the 19th term in the given AP is 0

Question 11:

In the given AP, we have $a = 12$; $(1-56)=16$

Suppose there are n terms in given AP, we have

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Then,

$$T_n = 3 \Rightarrow a + (n-1)d = 3$$

$$\Rightarrow 56 + (n-1)16 = 3$$

$$\Rightarrow 56 + 16n - 16 = 3$$

$$\Rightarrow 4 + n = 18$$

$$\Rightarrow n = 14$$

Thus, 14th term in the given AP is 3

Question 12:

We know that $T_1 = (5x + 2)$, $T_2 = (4x - 1)$ and $T_3 = (x + 2)$

Clearly,

$$T_2 - T_1 = T_3 - T_2$$

$$\Rightarrow (4x - 1) - (5x + 2) = (x + 2) - (4x - 1)$$

$$\Rightarrow 4x - 1 - 5x - 2 = x + 2 - 4x + 1$$

$$\Rightarrow -x - 3 = -3x + 3$$

$$\Rightarrow -x + 3x = 6$$

$$\Rightarrow 2x = 6 \Rightarrow x = 3$$

Hence $x = 3$

Question 13:

$$T_n = (4n - 10)$$

$$\Rightarrow T_1 = (4 \times 1 - 10) = -6 \text{ and } T_2 = (4 \times 2 - 10) = -2$$

Thus, we have

(i) First term = -6

(ii) Common difference = $(T_2 - T_1) = (-2 + 6) = 4$

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(iii) 16th term = $a + (16-1)d$, where $a = -6$ and $d = 4$

$$= (-6 + 15 \times 4) = 54$$

Question 14:

In the given AP, let first term = a and common difference = d ,

$$\text{Then, } T_n = a + (n-1)d$$

$$\Rightarrow T_4 = a + (4-1)d, T_{10} = a + (10-1)d$$

$$\Rightarrow T_4 = a + 3d, T_{10} = a + 9d$$

$$\text{Now, } T_4 = 13 \Rightarrow a + 3d = 13 \text{ --- (1)}$$

$$T_{10} = 25 \Rightarrow a + 9d = 25 \text{ --- (2)}$$

Subtracting (1) from (2), we get

$$\Rightarrow 6d = 12 \Rightarrow d = 2$$

Putting $d = 2$ in (1), we get

$$a + 3 \times 2 = 13$$

$$\Rightarrow a = (13 - 6) = 7$$

Thus, $a = 7$, and $d = 2$

17th term = $a + (17-1)d$, where $a = 7$, $d = 2$

$$(7 + 16 \times 2) = (7 + 32) = 39$$

$$\therefore a = 7, d = 2,$$

Question 15:

In the given AP, let first term = a and common difference = d

$$\text{Then, } T_n = a + (n-1)d$$

$$\Rightarrow T_8 = a + (8-1)d, T_{12} = a + (12-1)d$$

$$\Rightarrow T_8 = a + 7d, T_{12} = a + 11d$$

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$$\text{Now, } T_8 = 37 \Rightarrow a + 7d = 37 \text{ --- (1)}$$

$$T_{12} = 57 \Rightarrow a + 11d = 57 \text{ --- (2)}$$

Subtracting (1) from (2), we get

$$\Rightarrow 4d = 20 \Rightarrow d = 5$$

Putting $d = 5$ in (1), we get

$$a + 7 \times 5 = 37$$

$$\Rightarrow a = 2$$

Thus, $a = 2$, and $d = 5$

So the required AP is 2, 7, 12..

Question 16:

In the given AP, let the first term = a , and common difference = d

$$\text{Then, } T_n = a + (n-1)d$$

$$\Rightarrow T_7 = a + (7 - 1)d, \text{ and } T_{13} = a + (13 - 1)d$$

$$\Rightarrow T_7 = a + 6d, T_{13} = a + 12d$$

$$\text{Now, } T_7 = -4 \Rightarrow a + 6d = -4 \text{ --- (1)}$$

$$T_{13} = -16 \Rightarrow a + 12d = -16 \text{ --- (2)}$$

Subtracting (1) from (2), we get

$$\Rightarrow 6d = -12 \Rightarrow d = -2$$

Putting $d = -2$ in (1), we get

$$a + 6(-2) = -4$$

$$\Rightarrow a - 12 = -4$$

$$\Rightarrow a = 8$$

Thus, $a = 8$, and $d = -2$

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So the required AP is 8, 6, 4, 2, 0.....

Question 17:

In the given AP let the first term = a, And common difference = d

$$\text{Then, } T_n = a + (n-1)d$$

$$\Rightarrow T_{10} = a + (10 - 1)d, T_{17} = a + (17 - 1)d, T_{13} = a + (13 - 1)d$$

$$\Rightarrow T_{10} = a + 9d, T_{17} = a + 16d, T_{13} = a + 12d$$

$$\text{Now, } T_{10} = 52 \Rightarrow a + 9d = 52 \text{ --- (1)}$$

$$\text{and } T_{17} = T_{13} + 20 \Rightarrow a + 16d = a + 12d + 20$$

$$\Rightarrow 4d = 20 \Rightarrow d = 5$$

Putting $d = 5$ in (1), we get

$$a + 9 \times 5 = 52 \Rightarrow a = 52 - 45 \Rightarrow a = 7$$

Thus, $a = 7$ and $d = 5$

So the required AP is 7, 12, 17, 22....

Question 18:

Let the first term of given AP = a and common difference = d

$$\text{Then, } T_n = a + (n-1)d$$

$$\Rightarrow T_4 = a + (4 - 1)d, T_{25} = a + (25 - 1)d, T_{11} = a + (11 - 1)d$$

$$\Rightarrow T_4 = a + 3d, T_{25} = a + 24d, T_{11} = a + 10d$$

$$\text{Now, } T_4 = 0 \Rightarrow a + 3d = 0 \Rightarrow a = -3d$$

$$\therefore T_{25} = a + 24d = (-3d + 24d) \Rightarrow 21d$$

$$\text{and } T_{11} = a + 10d = (-3d + 10d) \Rightarrow 7d$$

$$\therefore T_{25} = 21d = 3 \times 7d = 3 \times T_{11}$$

Hence 25th term is triple its 11th term

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Question 19:

The given AP is 3, 8, 13, 18.....

First term $a = 3$, common difference $d = 8 - 3 = 5$

$$\therefore T_n = a + (n-1)d = 3 + (n-1) \times 5 = 5n - 2$$

$$T_{20} = 3 + (20-1)5 = 3 + 19 \times 5 = 98$$

Let n^{th} term is 55 more than the 20th term

$$\therefore (5n - 2) - 98 = 55$$

$$\text{Or } 5n = 100 + 55 = 155$$

$$n = 155/5 = 31$$

\therefore 31st term is 55 more than the 20th term of given AP

Question 20:

The given AP is 5, 15, 25....

$$a = 5, d = 15 - 5 = 10$$

$$\text{We have, } T_n = 130 + T_{31}$$

$$\Rightarrow a + (n-1)d = 130 + 5 + (31 - 1) \times 10$$

$$\Rightarrow 5 + (n-1)10 = 130 + 5 + (31 - 1) \times 10$$

$$\Rightarrow 5 + 10n - 10 = 135 + 300$$

$$\Rightarrow 10n - 5 = 435 \text{ or } 10n = 435 + 5$$

$$\therefore n = 440/10 = 44$$

Thus, the required term is 44th

Question 21:

First AP is 63, 65, 67....

First term = 63, common difference = 65 - 63 = 2

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$$\therefore \text{nth term} = 63 + (n - 1) 2 = 63 + 2n - 2 = 2n + 61$$

Second AP is 3, 10, 17

First term = 3, common difference = $10 - 3 = 7$

$$\text{nth term} = 3 + (n - 1) 7 = 3 + 7n - 7 = 7n - 4$$

The two nth terms are equal

$$\therefore 2n + 61 = 7n - 4 \text{ or } 5n = 61 + 4 = 65$$

$$\Rightarrow n = 65/5 = 13.$$

Question 22:

Three digit numbers which are divisible by 7 are 105, 112, 119,....994

This is an AP where $a = 105$, $d = 7$ and $l = 994$

Let n^{th} term be 994

$$\therefore a + (n - 1)d = 994 \text{ or } 105 + (n - 1)7 = 994$$

$$\Rightarrow 105 + 7n - 7 = 994 \text{ or } 7n = 994 - 98 = 896$$

$$\therefore n = 896/7 = 128.$$

Hence, there are 128 three digits number which are divisible by 7.

Question 23:

Here $a = 7$, $d = (10 - 7) = 3$, $l = 184$

And $n = 8$

Now, nth term from the end = $[l - (n-1) d]$

$$= [184 - (8-1) 3]$$

$$= [184 - 7 \times 3]$$

$$= 184 - 21$$

$$= 163$$

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Hence, the 8th term from the end is 163

Question 24:

Here $a = 17$, $d = (14 - 17) = -3$, $l = -40$

And $n = 6$

Now, n^{th} term from the end = $[l - (n - 1)d]$

$$= [-40 - (6-1)(-3)]$$

$$= [-40 + 5 \times 3]$$

$$= -40 + 15$$

$$= -25$$

Hence, the 6th term from the end is -25

Question 25:

The given AP is 10, 7, 4, (-62)

$a = 10$, $d = 7 - 10 = -3$, $l = -62$

Now, 11th term from the end = $[l - (n - 1)d]$

$$= [-62 - (11-1)(-3)]$$

$$= -62 + 30$$

$$= -32$$

Question 26:

Let a be the first term and d be the common difference

$$p^{\text{th}} \text{ term} = a + (p - 1)d = q \text{ (given) —(1)}$$

$$q^{\text{th}} \text{ term} = a + (q - 1)d = p \text{ (given) —(2)}$$

subtracting (2) from (1)

$$(p - q)d = q - p$$

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$$(p - q)d = -(p - q)$$

$$d = -1$$

Putting $d = -1$ in (1)

$$a - (p - 1) = q \quad \therefore a = p + q - 1$$

$$\therefore (p + q)\text{th term} = a + (p + q - 1)d$$

$$= (p + q - 1) - (p + q - 1) = 0$$

Question 27:

Let a be the first term and d be the common difference

$$T_{10} = a + 9d, \quad T_{15} = a + 14d$$

$$10T_{10} = 15T_{15}$$

$$\Rightarrow 10(a + 9d) = 15(a + 14d)$$

$$\Rightarrow 2(a + 9d) = 3(a + 14d)$$

$$\Rightarrow a + 24d = 0$$

$$\therefore T_{25} = 0$$

Question 28:

Let a be the first term and d be the common difference

$$\therefore n^{\text{th}} \text{ term from the beginning} = a + (n - 1)d \text{ ---(1)}$$

$$n^{\text{th}} \text{ term from end} = l - (n - 1)d \text{ ---(2)}$$

adding (1) and (2),

$$\text{sum of the } n^{\text{th}} \text{ term from the beginning and } n^{\text{th}} \text{ term from the end} = [a + (n - 1)d] + [l - (n - 1)d] = a + l$$

Question 29:

Number of rose plants in first, second, third rows.... are 43, 41, 39... respectively.

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There are 11 rose plants in the last row

So, it is an AP . viz. 43, 41, 39 11

$$a = 43, d = 41 - 43 = -2, l = 11$$

Let n^{th} term be the last term

$$\therefore l = a + (n-1) d$$

$$\Rightarrow 11 = 43 + (n-1) \times (-2)$$

$$43 - 2n + 2 = 11 \text{ or } 2n = 45 - 11 = 34$$

$$\therefore n = 34/2 = 17$$

Hence, there are 17 rows in the flower bed.

Question 30:

Total amount = ₹ 2800

and number of prizes = 4

Let first prize = ₹ a

Then second prize = ₹ a – 200

Third prize = a – 200 – 200 = a – 400

and fourth prize = a – 400 – 200 = a – 600

But sum of there 4 prizes are ₹ 2800

$$a + a - 200 + a - 400 + a - 600 = ₹ 2800$$

$$\Rightarrow 4a - 1200 = 2800$$

$$\Rightarrow 4a = 2800 + 1200 = 4000$$

$$\Rightarrow a = 1000$$

First prize = ₹ 1000

Second prize = ₹ 1000 – 200 = ₹ 800

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Third prize = ₹ 800 – 200 = ₹ 600

and fourth prize = ₹ 600 – 200 = ₹ 400



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He was born on January 2, 1946 in a village of Delhi. He graduated from Kirori Mal College, University of Delhi. After completing his M.Sc. in Mathematics in 1969, he joined N.A.S. College, Meerut, as a lecturer. In 1976, he was awarded a fellowship for 3 years and joined the University of Delhi for his Ph.D. Thereafter, he was promoted as a reader in N.A.S. College, Meerut. In 1999, he joined M.M.H. College, Ghaziabad, as a reader and took voluntary retirement in 2003. He has authored more than 75 titles ranging from Nursery to M. Sc. He has also written books for competitive examinations right from the clerical grade to the I.A.S. level.

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